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| **KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP TRƯỜNG**  **NĂM HỌC 2021 - 2022**  **Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 11 THPT**  *Thời gian làm bài: 180 phút* | | |
| **ĐIỂM** | **HỌ TÊN, CHỮ KÍ GIÁM KHẢO** | **SỐ PHÁCH** | |
| Bằng số:………………………………….. Bằng chữ:………………..………………. | Giám khảo 1: ………………………………………Giám khảo 2: ……………………………………… |  | |

**SECTION A – PHONETICS**

***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.(0.5pt)***

* 1. A allegedly B confusedly C supposedly D wickedly
  2. A youths B maps C cigarettes D months
  3. A equation B television C mention D decision
  4. A rise B rinse C browse D bruise
  5. A substitute B muddled C shutter D substantial

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |

***II. Identify the word whose stressed pattern is different from that of the others (0.5pt).***

6. A. academic B amphibian C apartheid D aquarium

7. A . tuberculosis B mathematician C inheritance D communication

8. A . casualty B habitual C characterize D ignorance

9. A . magnificent B memorial C tobacconist D humanism

10. A. trigonometry B explanatory C immediately D democracy

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |

**Section B – vocabulary and grammar**

## ***I. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D (1.5pts).***

11. By the year of 2010, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this factory for three years.

A. will work B. will have worked C. have worked D. will be working

12. At this time next Friday evening Mrs. Almanac \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ refreshments for her son’s engagement party and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her future daughter-in-law.

A. will be preparing- helping B. will prepare- will be helping

C. will be preparing- will help D. will prepare- will have helped

13. If he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the woods at that particular time, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the suicide.

A. wouldn’t be- hadn’t witnessed B. weren’t – hasn’t been witnessing

C. hadn’t been- wouldn’t have witnessed D. hasn’t been- weren’t witnessing

14. I wish that you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so much around the children.

A. may not smoke B. shouldn’t smoke C. had better not smoke D. wouldn’t smoke

15. I would like these reports\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as soon as the photocopier is available.

A. to photocopy B. being photocopied C. to be photocopied D. having photocopied

16. The whole incident probably \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ if the fans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so much alcohol.

A. wouldn’t have happened- hadn’t drunk B. won’t happen- weren’t drinking

C. didn’t happen- haven’t been drinking D. wouldn’t happen- aren’t drinking

17. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. expected B. unexpected C. expectedly D. unexpectedly

18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_! The tree is going to fall.

A. Look out B. Look up C. Look on D. Look after

19. We took \_\_\_\_\_ of the fine weather and spent the day on the beach.

A. chance B. advantage C. occasion D. effect

20. All the athletes taking part in the international games should be proud of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. oneself B. themselves C. himself D. yourself

21. The bomb \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the garage; fortunately no one hurt.

A. put on B. went off C. got out D. kept up

22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can’t understand is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he wants to change his mind.

A. That/that B. Which/what C. What/why D. What/that

23. The nurse was on \_\_\_\_\_ in the hospital all night.

A. duty B. alarm C. service D. work

24. Only when you grow up \_\_\_\_\_\_ the truth.

A. you will know B. you know C. do you know D. will you know

25. All the boys are good at cooking, but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is as good as the girls.

A. none B. either C. neither D. every

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. |
| 21. | 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. |

***II. There is one mistake in each of the following sentences. Find and correct it (2pts).***

26. Some of us have to study their lessons carefully if we expect to pass this examination.

27. A five-thousand-dollars reward was offered for the capture of the escaped criminals.

28. In 1837 Victoria, an eighteen-year-old woman, named queen of England.

29. The tickets that you ordered they will be delivered tomorrow.

30. She left her job soon to devote more time into her family.

31. We won't mind your being late. Beside, it's hardly your mistake.

32. Congratulations! You’ve gained the first prize in the competitions!

33. Her well-known film, that won several awards, was about the life of Lenin.

34. Mr. Tam, who has a lot teaching skills at junior level, will be joining our school in August.

35. You've seen her new car, haven't you? What does it like

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Mistake** | **Correction** |  | **Mistake** | **Correction** |
| 26. |  |  | 31. |  |  |
| 27. |  |  | 32. |  |  |
| 28. |  |  | 33. |  |  |
| 29. |  |  | 34. |  |  |
| 30. |  |  | 35. |  |  |

### *III. Give the correct form of the words in brackets (1 pt)*

36. If she can make up such stories, she is certainly a very (***imagine***) .................................. girl.

37. Scientists have warned that our atmosphere is becoming more and more (***contaminate****)* ......................

38. ………………………(***certain***) about the company’s future meant that few people wanted to invest money on it.

39. Some people think that travelling by plane is (***consider***)..........................

40. Some families go without medical treatment because of their (***able***) ................................. to pay.

41. He quit playing ................ (***compete***) football at the age of 24.

42. He showed his (***experience***) ................................ by asking lots of unimportant questions.

43. Do not give up because of (***fail***) ............................

44. Sorry about the mistakes. I …………. (***understand***) the instructions you gave me.

45. This kind of fertilizer will make your fields more ……………………... (***produce***).

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36. | 37. | 38. | 39. | 40. |
| 41. | 42. | 43. | 44. | 45. |

### *IV. Fill in each blank with one suitable preposition or particle (1 pt).*

46. I’m sure you are capable …………passing the exam.

47. He is not aware ………….the dangers of smoking.

48. Many Vietnamese students have difficulty …………… learning English.

49. I get very annoyed ………………..people who don’t queue at bus stop.

50. If you have any complaints , tell me ………my face. I can’t stand people who do things behind my back

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 46. | 47. | 48. | 49. | 50. |

***V. Insert* the, a(n) *or* X *(no article) where necessary (2 pts).***

I had long since prepared my mixture; I purchased at once, from (51)………… firm of wholesale chemists, (52)……….. large quantity of (53)……….. particular salt, which I knew, from my experiments, to be (54)...………. last ingredients required, and late one night, I mixed (55)………….. elements, watched them boil and smoke together in (56)…………. glass, and when (57)………….. liquid had cooled, with (58)………… strong glow of (59)……….. courage, drank off (60)………… potion.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 51. | 52. | 53. | 54. | 55. |
| 56. | 57. | 58. | 59. | 60. |

**Section C – reading**

***I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D (2pts).***

Although noise, commonly defined as unwanted sound, is a widely recognized form of pollution, it is very difficult to measure because the discomfort experienced by different individuals is highly subjective and, therefore, variable. Exposure to lower levels of noise may be slightly irritating, whereas exposure to higher levels may actually cause hearing loss. Particularly in **congested** urban areas, the noise produced as a by-product of our advancing technology not only causes physical and psychological harm but it also detracts from the quality of life for those exposed to **it**.

Unlike the eyes, which can be covered by the eyelids against strong light, the ear has no lid, and is, therefore, always open and vulnerable. Noise penetrates without protection.

Noise causes effects that the hearer cannot control and to which the body never becomes accustomed. Loud noises instinctively signal danger to any organism with a hearing mechanism, including human beings. In response, heartbeat and respiration **accelerate,** blood vessels constrict, the skin pales, and muscles tense. In fact, there is a general increase in functioning brought about by the flow of adrenaline released in response to fear, and some of these responses persist even longer than the noise, occasionally as long as thirty minutes after the sound has ceased.

Because noise is unavoidable in a complex, industrial society, we are constantly responding in the same way that we would respond to danger. Recently, researchers have concluded that noise and our response may be much more than an annoyance. It may be a serious threat to physical and psychological health and well-being, causing damage not only to the ear and brain but also to the heart and stomach. We have long known that hearing loss is America’s number one non-fatal health problem, but now we are learning that some of us with heart disease and ulcers may be victims of noise. Investigations on human subjects have demonstrated that babies are affected by noise even before they are born. Fetuses exposed to noise tend to be overactive, they cry easily, and they are more sensitive to gastrointestinal problems after birth. In addition, the psychological effect of noise is very important. Nervousness, irritability, tension, and anxiety increase, affecting the quality of rest during sleep, and the efficiency of activities during walking hours, **as well as** the way that we interact with one another.

61. Which of the following is the author’s main point?

A. Hearing loss is America’s number one non-fatal health problem.

B. Loud noises signal danger.

C. Noise may pose a serious threat to our physical and psychological health.

D. The ear is not like the eye.

62. According to the author’s definition, what is noise in urban areas?

A. A by-product of technology. B. Physical and psychological harm.

C. Congestion. D. Unwanted sound.

63. Why is noise difficult to measure?

A. It causes hearing loss. B. All people do not respond to it in the same way.

C. It is unwanted. D. People become accustomed to it.

64. The word “**congested**” in paragraph 1 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. hazardous B. crowded C. polluted D. rushed

65. The word “**it**” refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the quality of life B. our advancing technology

C. the noise D. physical and psychological harm

66. According to the passage, people respond to loud noise in the same way that they respond to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. annoyance B. danger C. damage D. disease

67. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word “**accelerate**”?

A. cease B. raise C. swell D. increase

68. The phrase “**as well as**” in paragrah 4 is the closest in meaning to which of the following?

A. after all B. instead C. also D. regardless

69. It can be inferred from this passage that the eye \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. responds to fear. B. enjoys greater protection than the ear.

C. increases functions D. is damaged by noise

70. With which of the following would the author most probably agree?

A. Noise is an unavoidable problem in an industrial society.

B. Noise is not a serious problem today.

C. Noise is America’s number one problem.

D. Noise is a complex problem.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 61. | 62. | 63. | 64. | 65. |
| 66. | 67. | 68. | 69. | 70. |

***II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage (1pt).***

Although all Americans do not (71) ............ the same way, their speech has enough in common that American English can be recognized as a (72) …… of English distinct from British English, Australian English

and other national varieties. American English has grown up with the country. It began to (73) ............ from British English during its colonial beginnings and (74) ............ regional differences and ethnic flavor. Today it

(75) …………….other languages and other varieties of English because it is the medium by which the attractions of American culture - its literature, (76) ............pictures and television programs - are transmitted to the world.

All speakers of English (77)............ a common linguistic system and a basic set of words. But American English (78) ............ from British English, Australian English and other national varieties in many of its

pronunciations, words, spellings and grammatical (79) .............. Words or phrases of American (80) ............ and those used in America but not so much elsewhere, are called Americanisms.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 71. | A. say | B. speak | C. talk | D. tell |
| 72. | A. alteration | B. change | C. variety | D. variation |
| 73. | A. diverge | B. divert | C. digress | D. depress |
| 74. | A. enquired | B. inquired | C. required | D. acquired |
| 75. | A. affluence | B. fluency | C. influences | D. nuances |
| 76. | A. motion | B. moving | C. movement | D. removing |
| 77. | A. have | B. bear | C. tear | D. share |
| 78. | A. differentiates | B. differs | C. changes | D. alters |
| 79. | A. constructions | B. building | C. points | D. syntax |
| 80. | A. birth | B. source | C. origin | D. tradition |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 71. | 72. | 73. | 74. | 75. |
| 76. | 77. | 78. | 79. | 80. |

***III. Fill in each numbered gap with ONE suitable word (1pt) .***

Speech is one of the most important (81)\_\_\_ of communicating .It consists of far more than just making noises . To talk or to be understood by (82)\_\_\_ people, we have to speak a language ,that is, we have to use combinations of (83)\_\_\_\_that everyone agrees to stand (84) \_\_\_\_ a particular object or idea. Communication would be impossible if everyone ( 85) \_\_\_\_ up their own language. Learning a language properly is very important. The basic (86)\_\_\_\_of English is not very large, and not only about 2,000 words are needed to speak it quite well. But the more idea you can express, the more precise you can be about their exact (87)\_\_\_\_\_. Words are the main thing we use in expressing (88) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we want to say. The way we (89)\_\_\_\_the words is also very important. Our tone of voice can express many emotions and (90)\_\_\_\_ whether we are pleased or angry, for instance.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 81. | 82. | 83. | 84. | 85. |
| 86. | 87. | 88. | 89. | 90. |

**Section D – writing**

***I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one (5pts).***

91. I don’t intend to go to the university.

→ I have no

92. I’m sorry, I didn’t come to your party last night.

→ If only

93. They think that the company is planning a new advertising campaign.   
→ The company

94. Immediately after his appointment to the post, the new editor fell ill.

→ Scarcely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

95. You may be intelligent, but you should be careful about this .   
→ No matter

96. David went home before I arrived.

When I ......................................................................................................................................

97. The station clock showed half past ten.

According ………………......................................................................................................................

98. He brought the umbrella along but it didn't rain.

He needn't ......................................................................................................................................

99. While I strongly disapprove of your behaviour, I will help you this time.

Despite ..........................................................................................................................................

100.I only realized what I had missed when they told me about it later.

Only when ...................................................................................................................................

***II.* *Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence (2.5pts).***

101. Matthew didn’t listen to what his doctor told him.

**TOOK**

…………................................................................................................................................................

102. You can’t possibly expect me to have supper ready by 8 o’clock.

**QUESTION**

…..................................................................................................................................................

103. You must make allowances for his inexperience.

**ACCOUNT**

…..................................................................................................................................................

104. As far as I know he is still working in Bristol.

**KNOWLEDGE**

……..............................................................................................................................................

105. Julie has to work very hard to earn just enough money to pay her bills.

**ENDS**

**ĐÁP ÁN VÀ BIỂU ĐIỂM CHẤM ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC**

**MÔN TIẾNG ANH 11**

*(Hướng dẫn chấm gồm* ***02*** *trang*)

**SECTION A – PHONETICS**

***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 5 = 0.5 points)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. B | 2. A | 3. C | 4. B | 5.D |

***II. Identify the word whose stressed pattern is different from that of the others.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 5 = 0.5 points)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. A | 7. C | 8. B | 9. D | 10. A |

**SECTION B – VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***I. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 15 = 1.5 points)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. B | 12. C | 13. C | 14. D | 15. C |
| 16. A | 17. D | 18. A | 19. B | 20. B |
| 21. B | 22. D | 23. A | 24. D | 25. C |

***II. There is one mistake in each of the following sentences. Find and correct it.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 1.0 points)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | ***Mistake*** | ***Correction*** |  | ***Mistake*** | ***Correction*** |
| 26 | their | our | 31 | beside | besides |
| 27 | dollars | dollar | 32 | gained | won |
| 28 | named | was named | 33 | that | which |
| 29 | they | omitted | 34 | a lot | a lot of/ lots of |
| 30 | into | to | 35 | does it like | is it like/ does it look like |

### *III. Give the correct form of the words in brackets (1 pt)*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36.imaginary | 37.contaminated | 38.uncertainty | 39.considerably | 40.disability |
| 41.completely | 42.inexperience | 43. failure | 44.misunderstood | 45.productive |

### *IV. Fill in each blank with one suitable preposition or particle (1 pt).*

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 46.of | 47.of | 48.in | 49.by | 50. about |

***V. Insert* the, a(n) *or* X *(no article) where necessary (2 pts).***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 51.a | 52.a | 53.a | 54.the | 55.the |
| 56.the/ a | 57.the | 58.a | 59. no article | 60.the |

**SECTION C - READING**

***I. Read the following passage, and then choose the best answer from A, B, C or D.***

**(0.2p for 1 correct answer X 5 = 1 point)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 61.C | 62. D | 63.B | 64.B | 65.C |
| 66. B | 67. D | 68. C | 69. B | 70. A |

***II. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to fill in the gaps in the following passage.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 1 point)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 71.B | 72.C | 73.A | 74.D | 75.C |
| 76. A | 77. D | 78. B | 79. A | 80. C |

***III. Fill in each numbered gap with one suitable word.***

**(0.1p for 1 correct answer X 10 = 1 point)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 81.ways | 82.other | 83.sound | 84.for | 85.made |
| 86.vocabulary | 87. meaning | 88. what | 89. say | 90. show |

**SECTION D - WRITING**

***I. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one (5pts).***

91. I have no intention of going to the university.

92. If only I had come to your party last night**.**

93. The company is said to be planning a new advertising campaign **.**

94. Scarely had he been appointed to the post when the new editor fell ill.

95. No matter how intelligent you may be, you should be careful about this

96. When I arrived, David had gone home.

97. According to the station clock, it is half past ten.

98. He needn’t have brought the umbrella along.

99. Despite my strong disapproval of your behaviour, I will help you this time.

100. Only when they told me about it did I realise that I had missed.

***II.* *Use the word given in brackets and make any necessary additions to write a new sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence (2.5pts).***

101. Matthew took no notice of his doctor’s advice/what his doctor told him.

102. There is no question of supper being ready by 8 o’clock.

103 .You must take his experience into account/ You must take account of his experience.

104. To (the best of) my knowledge, he is still working in Bristol.

105. Julie has to work very hard to make both ends meet.