**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KÌ 2**

**[MÔN TIẾNG LỚP 11](https://thuvienhoclieu.com/tai-lieu-tieng-anh/tai-lieu-tieng-anh-lop-11/)**

**A. TRÁC NGHIỆM**

**1. Pronunciation**

***Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

1. A. prevent B. injure C. sugar D. fitness

2. A. healthy B. consume C. diet D. headache

3. A. familiar B. generate C. assignment D. pollutant

4. A. cultural B. heritage C. memory D. represent

5. A. religious B. masterpiece C. prestigious D. abundant

6. A. college B. degree C. language D. subject

**2. Vocabulary**

**a. Vocabulary**

***Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ courses should teach practical skills in addition to critical thinking.

A. Academic B. vocational C. Analytical D. Primary

2. How long is your medical \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this hospital?

A. internship B. scholarship C. graduation D. major

3. Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was demolished in the early 20th century.

A. built up B. pulled down C. put up D. pulled up

4. Although some of the structures are now \_\_\_\_, most of the significant existing monuments have been partially restored.

A. in danger B. at risk C. in ruins D. at war

5..Land erosion is mainly caused by widespread …………………..

A. afforestation B. deforestation C. reforestation D. lawn mowing

6. Deforestation is one of the biggest environmental …………. to the ecological balance in the world

A. threats B. safety C. sureties D. advantages

7. The biggest cause of global warming is carbon dioxide ………. From coal burning power plants.

A. varieties B. contributions C. emissions D. assortments

8. 8. A healthy lifestyle includes having a ……diet and good personal hygiene

A. nutritous B. sustainalbe C. helpful D. unpolluted

9. The tombs are part of our historical ……………

A. heritage B. traditions C. dynasty D. scenery

10. Pollution and heavy traffic are common problems in …………… cities

A. rural B. urban C. overcrowded D. ancient

11. The old houses have been pulled down in order to build a modern residential\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. complex B. heritage C. dynasties D. excavations

12. A lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from ancient times are on display at the national heritage museum.

A. liveable B. relics C. sustainable D. inhabitant

**b. Preposition**

1. Human activities are also blamed \_\_\_\_ having contributed to global warming.

A. for B. on C. at D. with

2. He was suspected \_\_\_\_ having received presents from the local companies and ignored their violations of the environmental law.

A. on B. for C. about D. of

3. If you're not sure what “something” means, look it \_\_\_\_ in the dictionary.

A. for B. out C. at D. up

4. Mass media have helped to raise people’s awareness \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lifestyle choices.

A. in B. on C. of D. about

5. I first became familiar\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the idea of an eco-city when I read the book *Ecocity Berkeley.*

A. with B. to C. for D. about

6. Belinda missed a few months of school because of illness and found it difficult to keep \_\_\_\_ with her classmates.

A. on B. up C. down D. off

**3. Grammar**

***a. Reduced relative clause with participles or to infinitive***

1. Hue Imperial Citadel is the home of Vietnam's last royal dynasty \_\_\_\_ our country from 1802 to 1945.

A. to ruled B. being ruled C. to rule D. ruled

2. Most tourists like buying clothes, lanterns, and other handicraft \_\_\_\_ by local craftmen in Hoi An. C. made

A. to make B. making C. made D. make

3. I live in a pleasant room \_\_\_\_ the garden.

A. to overlook B. overlooked C. overlooking D. which overlooking

4. 4. Son Doong Cave is the largest cave in the world ……. in Phong Nha - Ke Bang   
National Park.

A. which discovered B. discovering C. to discover D. to be discovered

***b. Conditional sentences***

1. If you go by air, it \_\_\_\_ you around two hours to get to Ho Chi Minh City from Ha Noi.

A. would take B. takes C. took D. spends

2. If unemployment is rising, people \_\_\_\_ to stay in their current jobs.

A. tend B. will tend C. have tended D . would tend

3. . If you bully someone, you \_\_\_\_ them to do things against their will.

A. will force B. forced C. force D. would force

4. If you freeze water, it \_\_\_\_ into ice.

A. turns B. turn C. will turn D. would turn

**c. Error Identification**

***Choose the underlined part that needs correction***

***Question tags***

1. Let’s save (A) by using (B) both sides of the sheet ,(C) shall you? (D).

2. The movers are (A) not packing (B) the book for us (C), aren’t they?(D)

***Reducing relative clauses***

3. The person sits (A) next to (B) me is someone (C) I have ever met (D) before.

4. The last person leaves (A) the room has (B)to turn off (C) the (D) lights and fans.

***Perfect participle and perfect gerund***

5. Have (A) washed the car, the skilled (B) mechanic noticed a (C) small scratch on (D) the front left fender.

6. The student was (A) criticized for have (B) written his final (C)paper carelessly(D)

**4. READING**

**A. Cloze text**

***Exercise 1. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.***

Over the next 20 to 50 years, it will become harder to tell the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ between the human and the machine. All, body (2) \_\_\_\_\_ will be replaceable. Computers will function like the human (3) \_\_\_\_\_ with the ability to recognize feelings and respond in a feeling way. They will then produce fake people. We will then be able to create a machine duplicate of ourselves (4) \_\_\_\_\_ we will appear to be alive long after we are dead. Maybe a few decades later, a way will be found to transfer our spirit, including our memories and thoughts, to the new body.

1. A. variety B. change C. difference D. appearance
2. A. region B. place C. role D. parts
3. A. brain B. limb C. skull D. liver
4. A. such B. as C. so D. but

***Exercise 2. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.***

**Consequences of Global Warming on Wildlife**

Increasing global temperatures are expected to (1) \_\_\_\_ ecosystems, pushing extinction to those species that cannot adapt. The first comprehensive assessment of the extinction risk (2) \_\_\_\_ global warming found that more than 1 million species could be extinctive by 2050 if the current rate continues.

A recent study of (3) \_\_\_\_ 2,000 species of plants and animals discovered movement toward the poles at an average rate 3.8 miles per decade.

The latest climate change report found that approximately 20 to 30 percent of plant and animal species assessed so far are likely to be at (4) \_\_\_\_ risk of extinction if global average temperature increases by more than 2.7 to 4.5 degree Fahrenheit. Some polar bears are drowning because they have to swim longer distances to reach ice floes.

1. A. endanger B. benefit C. harm D. use

2. A. to B. from C. off D. on

3. A. nearly B. near C. relatively D. wealthy

4. A. declined B. born C. presented D. increased

***Exercise 3. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.***

**GOING ON A DIET**

A typical person needs about 1,800 calories per day to stay running. They keep your organs operating (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_and your brain running. They also keep your body warm. A person gains weight because he or she consumes more calories per day than (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . The only way to lose fat is to reduce the (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of calories that you consume per day. This is the basic principle (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ going on a diet.

Unfortunately, diets don't work for most people. They do lose weight but then go off the diet and put it back. Building a sensible diet and exercise plan is the key to maintaining a consistent weight.

1. A. proper             B. properly                C. improper              D. improperly

2. A. necessity       B. need                     C. needed                D. necessary

3. A. number           B. amount                 C. deal                     D. plenty

4. A. behind             B. beside                   C. inside                  D. outside

**B. Reading comprehension**

***Exercise 1: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer:***

THE MUSCLES IN OUR BODY

Our human body is made up of many muscles. All these muscles work together to help you move. They form the muscle system. 650 muscles are wrapped around your bones. They basically cover the bones like a blanket. Muscles are fastened to the bones by tough bands. These bands are called tendons. You can see your tendons when you wiggle your finger. Moving your fingers back and forth makes your tendons move.

These muscles around the bone must be told when to move. They are controlled by your thinking. If you want to walk, talk or smile, you send a message to the brain. Your brain picks up the message. It receives it and processes it. Then it sends out an electrical signal through the nerves. The nerves make connections until the signal reaches the proper muscle. This signal tells a muscle what it has to do. The muscle simply does exactly what the brain tells it to do. When you jump, hundreds of muscles work to help you do that.

Muscles work all the time. They even work when you are fast asleep. They keep your body firm and strong. Therefore, it is important to be in good shape. You need to stay healthy so that your muscles can remain powerful too. One thing that muscles need is good food. Muscles develop when they have protein. Milk, eggs, red meat, fish and beans are rich in protein. A healthy diet includes these food types. Muscles also need to be exercised to remain firm and toned. Regular exercise makes your muscles bigger, strengthens your heart and lungs and makes you more flexible. Good ways to exercise our walking, swimming, cycling, dancing or playing soccer. These activities improve your stamina. If you have good stamina, you can keep going for a long time without getting tired.

1. What is the topic word of paragraph 1?

A. Muscles B. The muscles system C. Bones D. Tendons

2. The word “wiggle” in paragraph 1 means:

A. spin B. raise C. move D. cross

3. In what order do the following happen?

A. Processed message, nerve connection, electric signal, execution

B. Execution, electric signal, nerve connection, processed message

C. Execution, nerve connection, electric signal, processed message

D. Processed message, electric signal, nerve connection, execution

4. What are two things muscles need to stay strong?

A. Protein and walking B. Milk and eggs

C. Protein and good exercise D. Sleep and good food

***Exercise 2: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer:***

One way of training for your future occupation in Germany is by pursuing a dual vocational training programme. Such programmes offer plenty of opportunity for on-the-job training and work experience. Programmes usually last between two and three and a half years and comprise theoretical as well as practical elements. You will spend one or two days a week, or several weeks at once, at a vocational school where you will acquire the theoretical knowledge that you will need in your future occupation. The rest of the time will be spent at a company. There you get to apply your newly acquired knowledge in practice, for example by learning to operate machinery. You will get to know what your company does, learn how **it** operates and find out if you can see yourself working there after completing your training.

This combination of theory and practice gives you a real head start into your job: by the time you have completed your training, you will not only have the required technical knowledge, but you will also have **hands-on** experience in your job. There are around 350 officially recognised training programmes in Germany, so chances are good that one of them will suit your interests and talents. You can find out which one that might be by visiting one of the jobs and vocational training fairs which are organised in many German cities at different times in the year.

Employment prospects for students who have completed a dual vocational training programme are very good. This is one of the reasons why this kind of training is very popular with young Germans: around two thirds of all students leaving school go on to start a vocational training programme.

1. Which of the following is probably the best title of the passage?

A. Employment Opportunities and Prospects in Germany

B. Higher Education System in Germany

C. Dual Vocational Training System in Germany

D. Combination of Theory and Practice in Studying in Germany

2. The word "**it"** in the first paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_.

A. company B. machinery C. knowledge D. organisation

3. Which of the following statements best describes the dual vocational training programmes?

A. These programmes consist of an intensive theoretical course of two and a half years at a vocational school.

B. These programmes require you to have only practical working time at a certain company.

C. These programmes offer you some necessary technical skills to do your future job.

D. These programmes provide you with both theoretical knowledge and practical working experience.

4. The word "**hands-on**” in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

A. theoretical B. practical C. technical D. integral

***Exercise 3: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer:***

Everyday life today is much more complicated than in the past. Even in our leisure time we have to make so many choices about what to do or even what to watch on TV. We are often spoilt for choice and this can leave us feeling confused and dissatisfied. We all know that it is important to achieve a balance between work and play, but many of us do not succeed. Instead, we put extra pressure on ourselves by trying to be as successful as in our work life as in our personal life.

Life in the past was much simplier as many people worked to meet their basic needs. Today, for many of us, our job is not just a way of making a living. For many, work plays an important role in our everyday life and gives us a strong sense of personal **fulfilment**. What’s more, we have become much more materialistic. Many people set themselves goals such as buying a new house or car and so we measure our success by the material things we own. Desiring these luxuries is what motivates us to work much harder than in the past, so in many ways we choose this way of life.

We have worked hard to improve our standard of living, but it may have come at a very high price. We need to make some changes in our priorities so that family occasions are as important as business meetings. We should also take every possible opportunity to enjoy our leisure time. Once you have made the decision to do **this**, you should find that your quality of life also improves.

**1**: What is the passage mainly about?

A. Good qualities of life today and in the past

B. Ways people today balance their work life and personal life

C. Distinction between life today and in the past

D. Basic needs for people today and in the past

**2**: According to the passage, people today have to work much harder to meet all the following basic needs EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. personal fulfilment B. materialistic life

C. luxurious lifestyle D. simpler life

**3:** The word ''**this**'' in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. making some changes B. enjoying our leisure time

C. working hard D. improving living standards

**4:** Everyday life today is not as easy as in the past because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. people work to make their own living

B. people want to live more materialistically

C. people work to satisfy their various needs

D. people want to buy a new house or car

**B. TỰ LUẬN**

**I. Word form**

1. It's my ………………........ ceremony next week; I think my parents are looking forward to it more than I am.( GRADUATE)

2. This safe, …………………….. friendly city is like a paradise for its inhabitants who can enjoy the highest quality of life. ( ENVIRONMENT)

3.The………… items in. Con Moong Cave are now kept in Thanh Hoa Museum for   
preservation and displaying work.( EXCAVATION)

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4. For South Korea, Songdo is more than a hi-tech business district but a template for future ……………………….. (DEVELOP)

5. The………………… system is the body’s defence against infection. (IMMUNITY)

6. Whole grains are high in fiber and contain a variety of ………………….. that support healthy blood sugar levels. (NUTRITION)

**2. Writing**

**2.1. Rewrite the sentences replacing the relative clauses with participle or to-infinitive clauses.**

1. Ha Long Bay is the most magnificent scenic spot in Viet Nam which attracts millions of domestic and international tourists every year.

……………………………………………………………………………………………………………

2. The wooden blocks of Truc Lam Zen Buddhism present both Han and Nom texts which were carved deliberately in different writing styles.

…………………………………………………………………………………………………..

3. That man was selling unusual relics. They were illegally removed from the protected area of this heritage site  
………………………………………………………………………………………………………

4. There's a gate at the end of this corridor. The gate leads to the main door of the temple  
………………………………………………………………………………………………………

**2.2. Complete the sentences to report what was said, using a to-infinitive or gerund.**

1. “ Perhaps we can go to DaNang for the weekend”

Nam suggested………………………………………………………

2. “ I’ll take my medicine on time”

She promised………………………………………………..

3. “ I’m sorry I couldn’t come to visit you last summer.”

Kate apologized………………………………………………….

4. “ You should drive slowly”

He advised………………………………………………